

By-Laws of the Galloway Cattle Society of New Zealand Incorporated

Incorporating alterations approved up to the 30th September 2021.

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Regulations of the Council of the Galloway Cattle Society of New Zealand (Incorporated) and conditions governing registration in the Herd Book, Transfers, Tattooing and Marking, Membership etc.

1. HERD BOOK:

The herd Book will contain all information regarding the origin and introduction of all males and females in each individual herd and the yearly returns of:

- a. Pure Bred Galloway Cattle (Black, Dun or Red in colour)
- b. Pure Bred Belted Galloway Cattle
- c. Pure Bred White Galloway Cattle
- d. Pure Bred Riggitt Galloway Cattle

2. HERD BOOK REGISTRATIONS:

- a) Any person desiring to register cattle with the Society must be a New Zealand resident or own a Galloway herd resident in New Zealand, and become a Breeder Member of the Society, and must register a Herd name or Prefix and be allotted a registered Herd Number.
- b) All applications for registration of Cattle in the Galloway Cattle society Herd Book must be made in ink or by digital method on the official forms supplied by the Society. Any forms not correctly filled in will be returned to the applicant for completion or correction. Fees will be invoiced by the Registrar / Treasurer.
- c) Eligibility for registration will always be at the discretion of the council and is available to all progeny of sires and dams entered in the Galloway Cattle Herd Book provided that they have complied with the provisions of By-Laws 3 and 4 herewith mentioned, are structurally sound and meet the Society's Standard of Type.
- d) Imported Cattle: Imported cattle may be registered at any age on receipt, within three months of landing within New Zealand, of an application accompanied by an authenticated 5 generation pedigree certificate that shall show all ancestors up to and including the great, great grandparents and an export certificate signed by the vendor and Galloway Cattle Breed Society of the country from which the animal was shipped. Applications must also be accompanied by an official certificate issued by an authorised inspector, or inspectors, of the Galloway Cattle Society of New Zealand (Inc) showing that each animal has been inspected and has reached the Society's required standard of type.
- e) Artificial Insemination: Cattle bred by means of artificial insemination will be accepted for registration in accordance with By-Law 17.

- f) Embryo Transplant: Cattle bred by Embryo Transplant will be accepted for registration in accordance with By-Law 18.
- g) Mannosidosis: All animals to be registered with the Society must comply with the current requirements for testing for Alpha Mannosidosis as detailed in By-Law 20.
- h) Active Dam Lists, Calf Entry forms and Transfer Form Enquires: All matters pertaining to these will be handled by the registrar.
- i) Scurs: Any registered animal found with scurs is to be declared to the registrar, deregistered, and have (s) added after its name in the Herd Book.

Calves sired or conceived by a registered animal, that subsequently found to have scurs and deregistered, shall be eligible for registration.

- j) A registered non-active dam, recorded in the Herd Book, may be re-activated by application to the registrar and payment of the applicable fee.
- k) All registrations must include:
 - i. Name of the animal
 - ii. Official ear tag number
 - iii. Date of birth
 - d. Names of the sire and dam
 - iv. Herd book numbers of the sire and dam
 - v. The colour of the hair
 - vi. Any mismarking such as white foot/feet, white hairs in the tail etc.
 - vii. AI certificates where necessary must be attached to the calf return
 - viii. Photos where necessary must be attached to the calf return
- l) All calves, dead or alive, must be notified on the calf return whether registration is intended or not.
- m) All calves must be notified to the Registrar before 18 months of age or before they have their first calf, whichever comes first.
- n) Any animal not notified on the calf return, or any late calf return (refer to clause M), where registration is subsequently applied for, will require DNA verification of parentage before being able to be registered.
- o) It will be at Council's discretion as to whether there will be a late registration fee.

3. ACTIVE DAM LISTS AND CALF ENTRY FORMS:

- a) An Active Dam List, (ADL) is sent to each Breeder Member annually. This should be correctly completed and must be forwarded to the Registrar of the Society by 31st August each year.

A pre-printed Calf Entry form is sent to each Breeder Member annually. This should be completed accurately, including all calves' dead or alive, sire of

calves and all dry cows, and must be forwarded to the Registrar of the Society by 31st May each year.

- b) An Active Dam is a registered cow or heifer 18 months old or older as at 30th June in the year the ADL is produced, which the Society believes is currently active in your herd.

For example, the Active Dam list for 2014 shall include all cows and heifers born before 1st January 2013, which the Society believes are currently active in your herd.

- c) A Breeder may advise the Registrar by 31st August in any given year, of any Active Dams that they wish to declare inactive for the subsequent period.

An Inactive Dam is still registered but must be re-activated before any calves from that dam can be registered or before that dam can be transferred.

- d) For the purpose of this return a registered Herd Number will be allocated by the council upon application by the Breeder before submitting their first ADL.

The number allocated will be followed by the letter designating the breed; G = Galloway, B = Belted Galloway, W = White Galloway and R = Riggitt Galloway

- e) The secretary will maintain the register for this purpose.
- f) All live progeny of the mating's shown on the Calf Entry form must be permanently ear tagged with Animal Health Board / NAIT approved tags and named prior to and for the purpose of this return. See By-Laws 4, 9 and 10 in reference thereto.
- g) All twins must be shown as such but also shown in returns separately.

- h) For a female Belted Galloway calf to be eligible for registration, any white hair on the foot, or feet, of the calf shall not extend above the base of the dewclaw.

All Belted Galloway calves born with white feet or hooves shall be denoted by the letters (WF) after their names.

- i) Any calves born with white hairs in the switch of the tail shall be inspected prior to Registration and, if accepted for Registration, shall be denoted by the letters (WT) after their names.

Animals that develop such white hairs after Registration must be inspected and, if accepted, will have the letters (WT) added to their registration details.

- j) Annually, prior to completion of the Calf Entry for, Breeder Members are to inspect all their registered cattle, (calves, sires and dams) for scurs, and shall complete the declaration on the Calf Entry form.

4. TATTOO AND EAR MARKING:

All pedigree calves to be eligible for the GCSNZ Herd Book must be permanently ear tagged with Animal Health board / NAIT approved tags by the Breeder.

It is recommended that a permanent metal tag or tattoo with the calf's herd book number is affixed to one ear.

5. DNA TESTING:

- a) From 1 January 2019 all bull calves born from that date and are subsequently registered, AND are to be used as Stud sires, are required to be DNA tested.
- b) The DNA Profile Number shall be forwarded to the Registrar for entering into the Society's Herd Book.
- c) All Breeder Members expressly give their consent, upon request, to supply a copy of the full DNA Profile to the Society.
- d) In any dispute over parentage, the Society reserves the right to have additional DNA Testing undertaken at the Breeder Member's expense.
- e) The Society recommends DNA Testing of all Registered cattle (Sires and Dams) owned by the Breeder Members, with the DNA Profile number being supplied to the Registrar for entering into the Society's Herd Book.

6. TRANSFERS:

- a) Animals registered in the GCSHB shall not be transferred unless they are structurally sound and meet the Society's Standard of Type.
- b) The Vendor is responsible for the Transfer and payment of fees on transfer of any animal.
- c) Transfer declarations, on the official form of the Society, which must be used, not received within 60 days of such transfer will be specifically considered by Council and if necessary, it may impose a fine for such delay.

All animals being transferred must meet the current requirements for *Alpha Mannosidosis* testing as detailed in By-Law 20.

- d) Before completing any Transfer, it will be the duty of both the vendor and the purchaser to examine the identification tags of each animal in order to establish the correct identity, and to ensure that all animals being transferred meet the current requirements for *Alpha Mannosidosis* as detailed in By-Law 20.
- e) A Purchaser may request with the transfer of the animal a pedigree showing all ancestors, up to and including it's great, great grandparents.
- f) Transfer shall be acknowledged and invoiced on receipt and actioned within three months of receipt.
- g) The Council shall have power to refuse to register the transfer of any animal provided that a resolution to such effect is passed as a special resolution of the Council.
- h) Animals for Export. All cattle either sold for export or to be exported and offered for sale in overseas countries, must be inspected for type, and an official certificate (in duplicate) signed by an authorised inspector of the Society, showing that each animal has reached the Society's required Standard of Type, must accompany all applications for overseas transfer, and applications for export pedigree certificates.
- i) In-active female animals are to be re-activated in the Herd Book to be eligible for transfer.

7. SERVICES CERTIFICATES:

When a female is served by a bull, which is not the property of the owner of the female, a Service Certificate must accompany the Calf Entry Form.

The Service Certificate must be on the prescribed form provided by the Society and are available to download at www.nzgalloway.co.nz

8. NAMES OF ANIMALS:

- a) Animals cannot be registered under names already in use. In cases where names selected by applicants are already in use the registrar will supply alternative names.
- b) Names misleading as to sex, relationship, or origin or objectionable in any respect or pronounced alike but spelt differently cannot be allowed.
- c) The number of words in proposed names is limited to three (the word 'of' is not counted) and is limited to a total of twelve characters including spaces.

- d) After a pedigree has been printed in the GCSNZ Herd Book, the name of the animal may not be changed except by direction of the Council for the purpose of correcting an error or misprint.

9. PREFIX:

- a) A member shall register, subject to the approval of the Council, any suitable name for their sole and exclusive use as a prefix in naming their cattle.
- b) The purchaser of a Stud shall not have rights to the previous owner's stud name except with the consent of the previous owner and with the approval of the Council.

10. PRIVATE STUD REGISTER:

- a) All Breeders shall keep a register containing complete and proper records of their stud activities.
- b) The Council may appoint a representative to inspect any registered Galloway cattle and the private register in connection with the same.
- c) In the event of neglect or the refusal of an owner for such to permit such inspection upon reasonable notice being given in writing, the council may refuse an application for registration or transfer and may / or impose such fine commensurate with the extent of the default as it shall think fit and / or may require the owner to pay the whole or part of the expenses which may have been incurred by reason of any inspection or attempted inspections.

11. DEATHS:

- a) Owners shall notify the Registrar of the death of any registered animal on their next Active Dam List (ADL).
- b) The death of a registered bull is to be notified to the Registrar on occurrence.
- c) Owners are required to notify the Registrar at once of the birth of any calf to a registered dam and / or sire which appears to be genetically defective or malformed.

12. OFFENCES:

- a) Any member who knowingly exhibits any Registered animal in any Show or Exhibition or who advertises any animal in any paper, periodical or pamphlet, whether for sale or otherwise under any but its Registered name or knowingly allows any false or inaccurate information regarding such animal to be given, shall be guilty of conduct prejudicial to the objects and interests of the society and shall be dealt with by Council as it may see fit.

13. ERRORS OR IRREGULATIES:

- a) In no case shall an error or irregularity of any nature be adjusted or corrected without Council's permission. A Statutory Declaration will be required in all such cases.
- b) In the event of an animal being sold and its identification tags subsequently found unsatisfactory, it shall be the duty of the purchaser to report to the Council and obtain permission to make arrangements with the Breeder or an approved representative.
- c) If any inaccuracy or omissions be discovered relating to any entry or if an entry shall prove to have been wrongly or incorrectly made, such an entry shall be cancelled by the Council and the GCSNZ Herd Book be amended accordingly.
- d) In every such case the onus shall rest with the owner to establish the accuracy of the record.

14. ARREARS:

- a) All accounts are due by the 20th of the month after the date of the transaction or the notified due date.
- b) All accounts not paid by the 20th of the following month will be liable for a 10% penalty.
- c) All work (registrations, transfers etcetera) shall cease for any member whose account is three months or more overdue.
- d) Any Member whose annual subscription is in arrears for six calendar months shall not be entitled to nominate any Member for the Council, nor to vote on any matter at any Meeting of the Society; neither shall they be eligible for nomination for a seat on the Council.
- e) Any Member whose annual subscription is in arrears for a year shall automatically cease to be a Member of the Society and in order to be re-instated must pay all arrears and apply for re-election as a Member.

15. FEES: (Inclusive of GST)

- a) Full fees must accompany any application and / or return
- b) Full Breeder Member Annual Subscription \$138.00
(A reduced annual subscription is available for Junior members –under 18yrs)
- c) New Herd Fee \$57.50
(Includes allocation of Herd Name, Abbreviation and Number)

d) Non - Breeder (Associate) Annual Subscription	\$34.50
e) Females Registered in the GCSNZ Herd Book (for females 18 months or older at 1 st July)	
• Active Dam Fee – Annually, includes recording / registration of progeny	
1-25 females per Stud - each	\$17.25
26 + females per stud - each	\$11.50
• Re-activation Fee	
For each year the dam has not held active status	\$17.25
With a limited per female of	\$57.50
f) Late Calf registration Fee (Calves born before 1 st January 2011)	\$27.60
g) Transfers	
▪ Within New Zealand	\$11.50
▪ Overseas – Embryo Transfer	\$28.75
h) Service Certificate	FREE
i) Pedigree Certificates (with calf registration or animal transfer by breeder)	FREE
j) Galloway Society’s Electronic Herd Book – current.	FREE

16. ARTIFICIAL INSEMINATION:

CATTLE BRED BY ARTIFICIAL INSEMINATION ARE ACCEPTABLE FOR PEDIGREE REGISTRATION BY THE SOCIETY, SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING REGULATIONS OF PROCEDURE AND CONTROL.

Section 1. - NEW ZEALAND SEMEN

- a) All privately owned bulls that are to be used for artificial insemination must be registered by the owner or owners, and not more than two persons may be owners of any one bull at any one time. Progeny by Artificial Insemination of bulls owned by official Artificial Insemination Centre's will also be acceptable for registration provided that the sire has been approved by the society.

- b) Semen must be collected by an officer of an A B Centre approved by the director of the animal Health Division of the Ministry of Primary Industries (MPI) and restored by a recognised Organisation approved by the society.
- c) In the event of the bull being sold, the quantity of semen stored must be disclosed to the purchaser. The question of whether the semen then becomes the property of the new owner of the bull will be an arrangement between the buyer and the seller.
- d) The bull must be inspected by an inspector approved by the Society prior to semen being collected from the bull.
- e) A DNA profile from the A B Centre that collected the semen must be supplied to the Galloway Cattle Society of New Zealand (INC).
- f) For registration of an animal that has been bred by artificial insemination from New Zealand semen, the owner of the Dam must attach a certificate to the application, signed by the A.I. technician which bears:
 - i. The Name of the Dam and Sire:
 - ii. Their Herd Book numbers
 - iii. Their animal identification details:
 - iv. Date of Insemination
- g) All animals bred from artificial insemination must have the fact recorded on the registration form.
- h) Semen may be used, and the progeny registered after the death of the donor bull.
- i) The Society will only register Belted Galloway progeny that has been certified negative to an approved test for Alpha Mannosidosis or is from a Sire and dam that have both already been proven negative.
- j) A bull to be approved for AI semen collection as a Miniature sire and meets all the requirements of By-Law 21, must be inspected by an approved GCSNZ inspector and height measurement verified prior to semen collection.

Section 2. -IMPORTED SEMEN

- a) Semen must be collected by an officer of an AB Centre in the country of origin which is approved by the Director of Animal Health of the Ministry of Primary Industries. (MPI).

- b) The semen must come from a bull that meets all importation regulations of the Ministry of Primary Industries (MPI) and be stored by a recognised organisation in New Zealand approved by the Society.
- c) The bull must be registered in the country of origin (Country of Birth) and his registration number supplied to the Society.
- d) The bull must have a 5-generation pedigree signed by the Secretary of the Society of his original registration.
- e) A DNA profile from the A B Centre that collected the semen must be supplied to the Galloway Cattle Society of New Zealand.
- f) Photos must be supplied showing proof of “Galloway Stature”. An inspection certificate from the society of country of Origin, if done, should also be supplied.
- g) Semen may be used, and the progeny registered after the death of the donor bull.
- h) For registration of an animal that has been bred in New Zealand by artificial insemination from imported semen, the owner of the Dam must attach a certificate to the application, signed by the AI Technician which bears:
 - i. The Name of the Sire and Dam
 - ii. Their Herd Book numbers
 - iii. Their animal identification details
 - iv. Date of Insemination
 - v. A photograph of the semen straw that has been used as proof of identification of the Sire, if available.
- i) All animals bred by artificial insemination must have the fact recorded on the Registration form.
- j) The Society will only register Belted Galloway progeny that has been certified negative to an approved test for Alpha Mannosidosis or is from a Sire and dam that have both already been proven negative.

17. APPENDIX TO:

GALLOWAY AND BELTED GALLOWAY HERD BOOK

Breeders may submit females for inclusion in the appendix under the following conditions:

1. Galloway or Belted Galloway cows of good breed characteristics and type and documented pure breeding with calves by a purebred registered bull must be submitted for inspection by a Society Inspector. The cost of these inspections will be met by the owner of the animals.
2. The calves must be identified and tagged in the presence of the inspectors, with the letter A fixed to the Herd Number. For subsequent generations the affixed letter shall be B, C, D, E respectively.
3. Progeny by purebred Registered bulls must bear the affix until the fifth generation from the original dams, when they will be eligible for inclusion in the Purebred Herd Book.
4. If females pass stringent inspection by a Society Inspector, the Council may, in special circumstances approve progeny of those cattle being advanced generation wise. Progeny of "E" affix cattle must be inspected prior to admission to full registration.

18. EMBRYO TRANSFER:

1. An animal derived from the implantation of an embryo will not be registered by the Society unless;
 - a) All government regulations are complied with.
 - b) The Sire and Dam (donor) must be both are registered Galloways, Belted Galloways, White Galloways or Riggitt Galloways.
 - c) Within one month of pregnancy diagnosis the Society receives an Embryo transfer certificate supplied by a recognised embryo transplant unit containing the following information:
 - (i) A blood or DNA type certificate of the donor female and service bull.
 - (ii) An insemination / mating declaration naming the service bull.
 - (iii) A declaration signed by the Authorised Technician stating that they have removed a fertilized egg from the donor cow, given the cow identification, and placed in a recipient cow, also giving its identification.
 - (iv) Identification of the host cow must be by tattoo, brand or AHB Identification tag.
2. a) Where frozen ova is imported into New Zealand and implanted into a recipient cow in this country a Certificate of Embryo Transfer on an

approved Embryo Transplant Centre form must be lodged with the Society within one month of pregnancy diagnosis.

- b) Upon application for registration the owner must supply the Society with a copy of the Blood Type Certificate or DNA Type Certificate for the Sire and the donor Dam together with documentation from the parent Society, on an approved form, showing the pedigree of the Sire and Dam and signed by the Secretary of that Society.
 - c) The application for registration must be accompanied by the appropriate registration fee as set by the council.
 - d) All eligible progeny, born by embryo transplant shall be indicated on the annual registration form and identified in the Herd Book by the letter "ET".
3. Where an embryo is collected and frozen for export, the following information must be supplied to the Society before an Export certificate and Certificate of Pedigree is issued by the Society.

An approved Embryo Transplant Centre Certificate of Embryo Transfer stating the following:

- a) Date the donor cow was mated and the name of the bull.
 - b) Date the donor cow (giving identification) had a fertilised egg removed and frozen.
 - c) A blood or DNA Type Certificate of the donor cow and service bull.
 - d) Signature of the Veterinarian or Technician conducting the operation.
 - e) That the operation was performed by a qualified person at an approved place.
 - f) The Application for Export of the frozen ova must be accompanied by the appropriate transfer fee as set by the council.
 - g) The exporter shall arrange for the Breed society inspection of the Sire and Dam.
4. The Council may refuse to register or transfer any animal born from Embryo transplant at any time.

The Council's decision shall be final and binding in all instances.

19. WHITE GALLOWAY REGISTRATION PROCEDURE.

1. Colour Pattern Requirements:

White overall with black, dun or red pigment on the nose, ears hooves and around the eyes. Some pigmentation on legs, udder, poll and a moderate degree of freckling throughout the body is permissible.

2. Breeding Requirements:

Foundation stock for the white Galloway section of Herd Book must be either:

- a. Registered White Galloways (live, embryo or semen) imported from a foreign Breed Association recognised by the Galloway Cattle Society of New Zealand (INC).
- b. Correctly marked progeny from imported Registered White Galloway (live, embryo or semen) and Registered New Zealand Galloways or New Zealand White Galloway appendix animals. No progeny from Standard Galloway dams born on or after 1 January 2016 will be accepted into the White Galloway Herd Book.

3. Appendix:

All progeny from the above which do not meet the colour pattern requirements are eligible for registration in the White Galloway Appendix Section of the Herd Book.

20. ALPHA MANNOSIDOSIS:

The Society will only register the progeny of, or certify the Transfer of, any Belted Galloway bull (including from Artificial Insemination or Embryo Transplant) that has been certified Negative to an Approved Test for alpha Mannosidosis or is from a sire and dam that have both already been proved negative.

The Society will only register Belted Galloway progeny (including from Artificial Insemination or Embryo Transplant) that has been certified Negative to an Approved Test for alpha Mannosidosis or is from a sire and dam that have both already been proved negative.

To prevent incorrect identification of a calf from an alpha Mannosidosis positive dam, (through mismothering or for any other reason), the sire and dam of any calf from an alpha Mannosidosis positive dam are to be proven by DNA test, whether that calf is to be registered or not.

All Belted Galloways currently registered with the Society and being transferred must have their alpha Mannosidosis status declared on the Transfer Form.

Prior to the sale of any Belted Galloway female, the alpha Mannosidosis status of the animal shall be established by an Approved Test for alpha Mannosidosis, or by being bred from a sire and dam that have both been proved negative.

Prior to the sale of any positive alpha Mannosidosis Belted Galloway female(s), the Seller shall provide to the Purchaser, a copy of the Galloway

Cattle Society of New Zealand (Inc.) Acknowledgement of Purchase of Belted Galloway Alpha Mannosidosis Positive Female(s) form.

The Society will not certify the transfer of any positive alpha Mannosidosis Belted Galloway female unless a copy of the Acknowledgement of Purchase of Belted Galloway Alpha Mannosidosis Positive Female(s) form, with the animal name(s), herd book number(s), tag number(s) and date(s) of birth filled in, and signed by the Purchaser, is provided to the Registrar.

The Society retains the right to require the owner of any male or female Galloway, Belted Galloway, White Galloway or Riggitt Galloway to be tested for alpha Mannosidosis and the results returned to the Registrar of the Society.

21. MINIATURE CATTLE:

The determination that an animal (which must already meet the requirements for Registration as a Galloway, Belted Galloway, White Galloway or Riggitt Galloway) is regarded as a miniature, must meet the following height requirements:

Bulls at 10 to 12 months of age to be no more than 112.5 cm at hip height; maximum height, at any age, is 125cm at hip.

Females at 10 to 12 months of age to be no more than 107.5 cm at hip height; maximum height, at any age, is 120cm at hip

When requested on a Calf Return form, the Society will register Galloway, Belted Galloway, White Galloway or Riggitt Galloway cattle as miniature cattle if they meet all the other Standard of Type and Registration requirements and the above height requirements, by affixing with the letter (M) after their names in the Herd Book.

If at any stage the animal's height measurement goes over the maximum height allowable then the Registrar must be notified and the (M) will be removed after their name.

For further information on Miniature Galloway and measurements please refer to the breeder's manual or Society website.

The Society does not accept any responsibility for the compliance of any animal with the above criteria.

22. RIGGIT GALLOWAY REGISTRATION:

1. The Correctly Marked Riggitt Galloway:

- a. The correctly marked Riggitt Galloway has a white dorsal stripe with the rest of the body being predominantly a single colour, typically black, red, or dun as far back as the hindmost rib. White markings may occur under the keel, on the face and legs. Symmetry of colour is a desirable trait, “the Correctly Marked Riggitt Galloway”; and
- b. Refer to the Riggitt Galloway section in the Breeder’s Manual or website for a Checklist to assist identification of the predominant colour and/or the colour pattern.

2. Mismarked Riggitt Galloway:

- a. When either or both a Sire or a Dam are a Riggitt Galloway, all solid coloured and white coloured progeny that are from registrable, imported or NZGCS registered Galloway, White Galloway or Riggitt Galloway are eligible for registration as a “Mismarked Riggitt Galloway.”
- b. A Mismarked Riggitt Galloway is unable to be shown; and
- c. Any other variation to the Mismarked Riggitt Galloway is to be considered by GCSNZ on a case-by-case basis.

3. Breed Standard.

The Riggitt Galloway should be of good Galloway Type. For a detailed explanation refer to the Standard of Type in the Breeder’s Manual.

4. Registration Requirements:

- a. For animals to be eligible for registration they must either be a Correctly Marked Riggitt Galloway or a Mismarked Riggitt Galloway and be progeny from registrable, imported or NZGCS registered Galloways, White Galloways or Riggitt Galloways.
- b. Neither NZGCS registered or imported Belted Galloways are permitted in the breeding of Riggitt Galloways.
- c. A Mismarked Riggitt showing the White Park Galloway colour pattern are eligible for registration in either the Riggitt Galloway or the White Galloway Herd books. A Mismarked Riggitt Galloway registered in the

White Galloway Herd Book shall have an RG recorded after the animal's colour to disclose the Riggitt genetics.

- d The Breeder is required to submit digital images that clearly show the animal's colour pattern as a registration requirement.

5. Foundation Riggitt Galloways

Notwithstanding By-Laws to the contrary, for the purpose of establishing a Riggitt Galloway Registry, those animals who do not have a five-generation pedigree will be considered eligible for registration on a case-by-case basis by GCSNZ